## A conference in honor of Pierre Dolbeault

## Cohomologies on complex manifolds

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June 04， 2014

# Introduction，i 

It was 50s．．．，i

GÉOMÉTRIE DIFFÉRENTIELLE．－Sur la cohomologie des variétés analytiques complexes．Note（＊）de M．Pierre Dolbeault，pré－ sentée par M．Jacques Hadamard．

Compte tenu de la trivialité locale de la $d^{\prime \prime}$－cohomologie sur une variété analy－ tique complexe V ，on interprète，du point de vue global，les espaces vectoriels de cohomologie de V à coefficients dans le faisceau des germes de formes différentielles holomorphes，fermées ou non．

## Complex geometry encoded in global invariants:

2. Théorème 1. - Pour tous entiers $p, q \supseteq o$, l'espace vectoriel $\mathrm{H}^{4}\left(\mathrm{~V}, \Omega^{p}\right)$ est canoniquement isomorphe au sous-espace $\mathrm{H}^{p, q}(\mathrm{~V})$ des éléments de type $(p, q)$ de la $d^{\prime \prime}$-cohomologie des courants (resp. des formes différentielles $\mathrm{C}^{*}$ ).

# Introduction，iv <br> It was 50s．．．，iv 

## What informations in $\bar{\partial}$－cohomology？

$\rightarrow$ Algebraic struct induced by differential algebra $\left(\wedge_{\bullet}^{\bullet} \chi, \bar{\partial}, \wedge\right)$ ．
$\rightarrow$ Relation with topological informations．

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It was $50 \mathrm{~s} . .$. ，v

## What informations in $\bar{\partial}$－cohomology？

$\rightarrow$ Algebraic struct induced by differential algebra $\left(\wedge^{\bullet \bullet \bullet} \chi, \bar{\partial}, \wedge\right)$ ．
J．Neisendorfer，L．Taylor，Dolbeault homotopy theory，Trans．Amer．Math．Soc． 245 （1978），183－210．
$\rightarrow$ Relation with topological informations．

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J．Neisendorfer，L．Taylor，Dolbeault homotopy theory，Trans．Amer．Math．Soc． 245
``` （1978），183－210．
\(\rightarrow\) Relation with topological informations．
Sur une variété compacte V de type kählérien，
Théorème 3．－L＇espace de cohomologie \(\mathscr{H}(\mathrm{V})\) d＇une variété compacte \(V\) de type kählérien est somme directe des espaces \(\mathscr{H}^{a, b}(\mathrm{~V})\) ．

A．Weil，Introduction à l＇etude des variétés kählériennes，Hermann，Paris， 1958.

\title{
Introduction，vii
}

It was 50s．．．，vii

On a complex（possibly non－Kähler）manifold：

\section*{On a complex (possibly non-Kähler) manifold:}

Theorem 3. The Dolbeault groups \(H^{p}\left(M, \Omega^{q}\right)\) form the term \(E_{1}\) of a spectral sequence, whose term \(E_{\infty}\) is the associated graded C-module of the conveniently filtered de Rham groups. The spectral sequence is stationary after a finite number of steps, and \(E_{\infty}=E_{N}\) for \(N\) sufficiently large.
A. Frölicher, Relations between the cohomology groups of Dolbeault and topological invariants, Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 41 (1955), 641-644.

\section*{Interest on non－Kähler manifold since 70s：}

\section*{SOME SIMPLE EXAMPLES OF SYMPLECTIC MANIFOLDS}

\section*{W．P．THURSTON}

Abstract．This is a construction of closed symplectic manifolds with no Kaehler structure．

K．Kodaira，On the structure of compact complex analytic surfaces．I，Amer．J．Math． 86 （1964）， 751－798．
W．P．Thurston，Some simple examples of symplectic manifolds，Proc．Amer．Math．Soc． 55 （1976），no．2，467－468．

\title{
Introduction，xi \\ It was 50s．．．，xi
}

\section*{Bott－Chern and Aeppli cohomologies for complex manifolds：}

In other words，if we define \(\hat{H}^{k}(X)\) by：
\[
\hat{\boldsymbol{H}}^{k}(X)=A^{k_{0} k}(X) \cap \operatorname{Ker}(d) / d d^{c} A^{k-1, k-1}(X)
\]

R．Bott，S．S．Chern，Hermitian vector bundles and the equidistribution of the zeroes of their holomorphic sections，Acta Math． 114 （1965），71－112．

A．Aeppli，On the cohomology structure of Stein manifolds，in Proc．Conf．Complex Analysis （Minneapolis，Minn．，1964），58－70，Springer，Berlin， 1965.

\title{
Introduction，xii \\ It was 50s．．．，xii
}

\section*{Bott－Chern and Aeppli cohomologies for complex manifolds：}

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A．Aeppli，On the cohomology structure of Stein manifolds，in Proc．Conf．Complex Analysis （Minneapolis，Minn．，1964），58－70，Springer，Berlin， 1965.
\(\rightsquigarrow \quad\) they provide bridges between de Rham and Dolbeault cohomologies， allowing their comparison

\title{
Introduction，xiii
}
summary，i
Aim：
study the algebra of Bott－Chern cohomology，and its relation with de Rham cohomology：

\title{
Introduction，xiv
}
summary，ii

\section*{Aim：}
study the algebra of Bott－Chern cohomology，and its relation with de Rham cohomology：
－use Bott－Chern as degree of＂non－Kählerness＂．．．

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■ ．．．in order to characterize \(\partial \bar{\partial}\)－Lemma；

\title{
Introduction，xvi
}

\section*{Aim：}
study the algebra of Bott－Chern cohomology，and its relation with de Rham cohomology：

■ use Bott－Chern as degree of＂non－Kählerness＂．．．
－．．．in order to characterize \(\partial \bar{\partial}\)－Lemma；
－develop techniques for computations on special classes of manifolds．

\title{
Cohomologies of complex manifolds，i
} double complex of forms，i

Consider the double complex
\(\left(\wedge^{\bullet \bullet} \times, \partial, \bar{\partial}\right)\)
associated to
a cplx mfd \(X\)

Consider the double complex
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associated to a cplx mfd \(X\)


\section*{Cohomologies of complex manifolds，iii} Dolbeault cohomology，i
\[
H_{\bar{\partial}}^{\bullet \cdot \bullet}(X):=\frac{\operatorname{ker} \bar{\partial}}{\operatorname{im} \bar{\partial}}
\]


\section*{Cohomologies of complex manifolds，iv} Dolbeault cohomology，ii
\[
H_{\partial}^{\bullet \bullet \bullet}(X):=\frac{\operatorname{ker} \partial}{\operatorname{im} \partial}
\]


\title{
Cohomologies of complex manifolds，\(v\)
}

Dolbeault cohomology，iii

In the Frölicher spectral sequence
\[
H_{\bar{\partial}}^{\bullet \bullet \bullet}(X) \Longrightarrow H_{d R}^{\bullet}(X ; \mathbb{C})
\]
the Dolbeault cohom plays the role of approximation of de Rham．

A．Frölicher，Relations between the cohomology groups of Dolbeault and topological invariants，

\section*{Cohomologies of complex manifolds, vi}

Dolbeault cohomology, iv

In the Frölicher spectral sequence
\[
H_{\bar{\partial}}^{\bullet \bullet}(X) \Longrightarrow H_{d R}^{\bullet}(X ; \mathbb{C})
\]
the Dolbeault cohom plays the role of approximation of de Rham.
As a consequence, the Frölicher inequality holds:
\[
\sum_{p+q=k} \operatorname{dim}_{\mathbb{C}} H_{\bar{\partial}}^{p, q}(X) \geq \operatorname{dim}_{\mathbb{C}} H_{d R}^{k}(X ; \mathbb{C})
\]
A. Frölicher, Relations between the cohomology groups of Dolbeault and topological invariants,

\title{
Cohomologies of complex manifolds, vii
}

Bott-Chern and Aeppli cohomologies, i

In general, there is no natural map between Dolb and de Rham:

\section*{Cohomologies of complex manifolds，viii}

In general，there is no natural map between Dolb and de Rham： we would like to have a＂bridge＂between them．


\title{
Cohomologies of complex manifolds，ix
}

Bott－Chern and Aeppli cohomologies，iii

In general，there is no natural map between Dolb and de Rham： we would like to have a＂bridge＂between them．


The bridges are provided by Bott－Chern and Aeppli cohomologies．

\section*{Cohomologies of complex manifolds, \(x\)}

Bott-Chern and Aeppli cohomologies, iv
\[
H_{B C}^{\bullet, \bullet}(X):=\frac{\operatorname{ker} \partial \cap \operatorname{ker} \bar{\partial}}{\operatorname{im} \partial \bar{\partial}}
\]

R. Bott, S. S. Chern, Hermitian vector bundles and the equidistribution of the zeroes of their holomorphic sections, Acta Math. 114 (1965), no. 1, 71-112.

\section*{Cohomologies of complex manifolds, xi}

Bott-Chern and Aeppli cohomologies, v
\[
H_{A}^{\bullet, \bullet}(X):=\frac{\operatorname{ker} \partial \bar{\partial}}{\operatorname{im} \partial+\operatorname{im} \bar{\partial}}
\]

A. Aeppli, On the cohomology structure of Stein manifolds, Proc. Conf. Complex Analysis

\section*{Cohomological properties of non－Kähler manifolds，i} cohomologies of complex manifolds，i

On cplx mfds，identity induces natural maps


Cohomological properties of non－Kähler manifolds，ii cohomologies of complex manifolds，if

By def，a cpt cplx mfd satisfies \(\partial \bar{\partial}\)－Lemma if every \(\partial\)－closed \(\bar{\partial}\)－closed d－exact form is \(\partial \bar{\partial}\)－exact too


\section*{Cohomological properties of non－Kähler manifolds，iii} cohomologies of complex manifolds，iii

By def，a cpt cplx mfd satisfies \(\partial \bar{\partial}\)－Lemma if every \(\partial\)－closed \(\bar{\partial}\)－closed d－exact form is \(\partial \bar{\partial}\)－exact too，equivalently，if all the above maps are isomorphisms．


\title{
Cohomological properties of non－Kähler manifolds，iv
} cohomologies of complex manifolds，iv

By def，a cpt cplx mfd satisfies \(\partial \bar{\partial}\)－Lemma if every \(\partial\)－closed \(\bar{\partial}\)－closed d－exact form is \(\partial \bar{\partial}\)－exact too，equivalently，if all the above maps are isomorphisms．

－While compact Kähler mfds satisfy the \(\partial \bar{\partial}\)－Lemma，．．．

\section*{Cohomological properties of non－Kähler manifolds，v} cohomologies of complex manifolds，\(v\)

By def，a cpt cplx mfd satisfies \(\partial \bar{\partial}\)－Lemma if every \(\partial\)－closed \(\bar{\partial}\)－closed d－exact form is \(\partial \bar{\partial}\)－exact too，equivalently，if all the above maps are isomorphisms．

－While compact Kähler mfds satisfy the \(\partial \bar{\partial}\)－Lemma，．．．
■ ．．．Bott－Chern cohomology may supply further informations on the geometry of non－Kähler manifolds．

\title{
Cohomological properties of non－Kähler manifolds，vi
} inequality à la Frölicher for Bott－Chern cohomology，i


\section*{Cohomological properties of non-Kähler manifolds, vii} inequality à la Frölicher for Bott-Chern cohomology, ii

Dolbeault cohomology cares only about horizontal arrows, as Bott-Chern cares only about ingoing arrows, and, dually, Aeppli cares only about outgoing arrows.

-, A. Tomassini, On the \(\partial \bar{\partial}\)-Lemma and Bott-Chern cohomology, Invent. Math. 192 (2013), no. 1, 71-81.

\section*{Cohomological properties of non-Kähler manifolds, viii} inequality à la Frölicher for Bott-Chern cohomology, iif

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\title{
Cohomological properties of non-Kähler manifolds, ix
} inequality à la Frölicher for Bott-Chern cohomology, iv

Dolbeault cohomology cares only about horizontal arrows, as Bott-Chern cares only about ingoing arrows, and, dually, Aeppli cares only about outgoing arrows.

-, A. Tomassini, On the \(\partial \bar{\partial}\)-Lemma and Bott-Chern cohomology, Invent. Math. 192 (2013), no. 1, 71-81.

\section*{Cohomological properties of non-Kähler manifolds, \(x\) inequality à la Frölicher for Bott-Chern cohomology, v}

Dolbeault cohomology cares only about horizontal arrows, as Bott-Chern cares only about ingoing arrows, and, dually, Aeppli cares only about outgoing arrows.
Since
\[
\sharp\{\text { ingoing }\}+\sharp\{\text { outgoing }\}
\]
\[
\geq \sharp\{\text { horizontal }\}+\sharp\{\text { vertical }\}
\]
one gets:


\section*{Cohomological properties of non-Kähler manifolds, xi} inequality à la Frölicher for Bott-Chern cohomology, vi

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\section*{Thm (-, A. Tomassini)}
\(X\) cpt cplx mfd. The following inequality à la Frölicher holds:
\[
\sum_{p+q=k}\left(\operatorname{dim}_{\mathbb{C}} H_{B C}^{p, q}(X)+\operatorname{dim}_{\mathbb{C}} H_{A}^{p, q}(X)\right) \geq 2 \operatorname{dim}_{\mathbb{C}} H_{d R}^{k}(X ; \mathbb{C})
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\section*{Cohomological properties of non-Kähler manifolds, xii inequality à la Frölicher for Bott-Chern cohomology, vii}

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\]

Furthermore, the equality characterizes the \(\partial \bar{\partial}\)-Lemma.

\title{
Cohomological properties of non-Kähler manifolds, xiii
} inequality à la Frölicher for Bott-Chern cohomology, viii

For cpt cplx mfd:
\[
\Delta^{k}=0 \text { for any } k \Leftrightarrow \partial \bar{\partial} \text {-Lemma (= cohomologically-Kähler) }
\]
(where: \(\Delta^{k}:=h_{B C}^{k}+h_{A}^{k}-2 b_{k} \in \mathbb{N}\) ).
- G. Dloussky, A. Tomassini, On Bott-Chern cohomology of compact complex surfaces, arXiv:1402.2408 [math.DG].

\title{
Cohomological properties of non-Kähler manifolds, xiv
} inequality à la Frölicher for Bott-Chern cohomology, ix

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For cpt cplx surfaces:
Kähler \(\Leftrightarrow b_{1}\) even \(\Leftrightarrow\) cohom-Kähler

\title{
Cohomological properties of non-Kähler manifolds, xv
} inequality à la Frölicher for Bott-Chern cohomology, x

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For cpt cplx surfaces:
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\title{
Cohomological properties of non-Kähler manifolds, xvi inequality à la Frölicher for Bott-Chern cohomology, xi
}

For cpt cplx mfd:
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(where: \(\Delta^{k}:=h_{B C}^{k}+h_{A}^{k}-2 b_{k} \in \mathbb{N}\) ).

For cpt cplx surfaces:
\[
\text { Kähler } \Leftrightarrow b_{1} \text { even } \Leftrightarrow \text { cohom-Kähler }
\]
hence \(\Delta^{1}\) and \(\Delta^{2}\) measure just Kählerness.
In fact, non-Kählerness is measured by just \(\frac{1}{2} \Delta^{2} \in \mathbb{N}\).

\title{
Cohomological properties of non－Kähler manifolds，xvii
} \(\partial \bar{\partial}\)－Lemma and deformations－part I，i

By Hodge theory， \(\operatorname{dim}_{\mathbb{C}} H_{B C}^{p, q}\) and \(\operatorname{dim}_{\mathbb{C}} H_{A}^{p, q}\) are upper－semi－continuous for deformations of the complex structure．

\title{
Cohomological properties of non－Kähler manifolds，xviii \(\partial \bar{\partial}\)－Lemma and deformations－part I，ii
}

By Hodge theory， \(\operatorname{dim}_{\mathbb{C}} H_{B C}^{p, q}\) and \(\operatorname{dim}_{\mathbb{C}} H_{A}^{p, q}\) are upper－semi－continuous for deformations of the complex structure．Hence the equality
\[
\sum_{p+q=k}\left(\operatorname{dim}_{\mathbb{C}} H_{B C}^{p, q}(X)+\operatorname{dim}_{\mathbb{C}} H_{A}^{p, q}(X)\right)=2 \operatorname{dim}_{\mathbb{C}} H_{d R}^{k}(X ; \mathbb{C})
\]
is stable for small deformations．

\title{
Cohomological properties of non－Kähler manifolds，xix \(\partial \bar{\partial}\)－Lemma and deformations－part I，iii
}

By Hodge theory， \(\operatorname{dim}_{\mathbb{C}} H_{B C}^{p, q}\) and \(\operatorname{dim}_{\mathbb{C}} H_{A}^{p, q}\) are upper－semi－continuous for deformations of the complex structure．Hence the equality
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\sum_{p+q=k}\left(\operatorname{dim}_{\mathbb{C}} H_{B C}^{p, q}(X)+\operatorname{dim}_{\mathbb{C}} H_{A}^{p, q}(X)\right)=2 \operatorname{dim}_{\mathbb{C}} H_{d R}^{k}(X ; \mathbb{C})
\]
is stable for small deformations．Then：

\section*{Cor（Voisin；Wu；Tomasiello；—，A．Tomassini）}

The property of satisfying the \(\partial \bar{\partial}\)－Lemma is open under deformations．

\title{
Cohomological properties of non－Kähler manifolds，\(x x\) \(\partial \bar{\partial}\)－Lemma and deformations－part I，iv
}

\section*{Problem：}
what happens for limits？
If \(J_{t}\) satisfies \(\partial \bar{\partial}\)－Lem for any \(t \neq 0\) ，does \(J_{0}\) satisfy \(\partial \bar{\partial}\)－Lem，too？

We need tools for investigating explicit examples．．．

\title{
Cohomological properties of non－Kähler manifolds，xxi techniques of computations－nilmanifolds，i
}

\section*{\(X\) compact cplx mfd．We want to compute \(H_{B C}^{\bullet \bullet \bullet}(X)\) ．}

\title{
Cohomological properties of non－Kähler manifolds，xxii techniques of computations－nilmanifolds，ii
}
\(X\) compact cplx mfd．We want to compute \(H_{B C}^{\bullet \bullet \bullet}(X)\) ．
Hodge theory reduces the probl to a pde system

\section*{Cohomological properties of non－Kähler manifolds，xxiii} techniques of computations－nilmanifolds，iii
\(X\) compact cplx mfd．We want to compute \(H_{B C}^{\bullet \bullet \bullet}(X)\) ．
Hodge theory reduces the probl to a pde system：fixed \(g\) Hermitian metric，there is a 4th order elliptic differential operator \(\Delta_{B C}\) s．t．
\[
H_{B C}^{\bullet \bullet \bullet}(X) \simeq \operatorname{ker} \Delta_{B C}=\left\{u \in \wedge^{p, q} X: \partial u=\bar{\partial} u=(\partial \bar{\partial})^{*} u\right\} .
\]

M．Schweitzer，Autour de la cohomologie de Bott－Chern，arXiv：0709．3528［math．AG］．

\title{
Cohomological properties of non－Kähler manifolds，xxiv techniques of computations－nilmanifolds，iv
}
\(X\) compact cplx mfd．We want to compute \(H_{B C}^{\bullet \bullet \bullet}(X)\) ．
Hodge theory reduces the probl to a pde system：fixed \(g\) Hermitian metric，there is a 4th order elliptic differential operator \(\Delta_{B C}\) s．t．
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\]

For some classes of homogeneous mfds，the solutions of this system may have further symmetries，which reduce to the study of \(\Delta_{B C}\) on a smaller space．

\section*{Cohomological properties of non－Kähler manifolds，\(x \times v\)} techniques of computations－nilmanifolds，v
\(X\) compact cplx mfd．We want to compute \(H_{B C}^{\bullet \bullet \bullet}(X)\) ．
Hodge theory reduces the probl to a pde system：fixed \(g\) Hermitian metric，there is a 4th order elliptic differential operator \(\Delta_{B C}\) s．t．
\[
H_{B C}^{\bullet \bullet \bullet}(X) \simeq \operatorname{ker} \Delta_{B C}=\left\{u \in \wedge^{p, q} X: \partial u=\bar{\partial} u=(\partial \bar{\partial})^{*} u\right\} .
\]

For some classes of homogeneous mfds，the solutions of this system may have further symmetries，which reduce to the study of \(\Delta_{B C}\) on a smaller space．If this space is finite－dim，we are reduced to solve a linear system．

\title{
Cohomological properties of non－Kähler manifolds，xxvi techniques of computations－nilmanifolds，vi
}

In other words，we would like to reduce the study to a \(H_{\sharp}\)－model， that is，a sub－algebra
\[
\iota:\left(M^{\bullet \bullet}, \partial, \bar{\partial}\right) \hookrightarrow\left(\wedge^{\bullet} \bullet \bullet X, \partial, \bar{\partial}\right)
\]
such that \(H_{\sharp}(\iota)\) isomorphism，where \(\sharp \in\{d R, \bar{\partial}, \partial, B C, A\}\) ．

\section*{Cohomological properties of non-Kähler manifolds, xxvii}

In other words, we would like to reduce the study to a \(H_{\sharp}\)-model, that is, a sub-algebra
\[
\iota:\left(M^{\bullet \bullet}, \partial, \bar{\partial}\right) \hookrightarrow\left(\wedge^{\bullet \bullet} \times, \partial, \bar{\partial}\right)
\]
such that \(H_{\sharp}(\iota)\) isomorphism, where \(\sharp \in\{d R, \bar{\partial}, \partial, B C, A\}\).
We are interested in \(H_{\sharp}\)-computable cplx mfds, that is, admitting a \(H_{\sharp-\text { model being finite-dimensional as a vector space. }}\)

\title{
Cohomological properties of non-Kähler manifolds, xxviii
} techniques of computations - nilmanifolds, viii

\section*{Thm (Nomizu)}
\(X=\Gamma \backslash G\) nilmanifold (compact quotients of connected simply-connected nilpotent Lie groups \(G\) by co-compact discrete subgroups 「).

\title{
Cohomological properties of non-Kähler manifolds, xxix
} techniques of computations - nilmanifolds, ix

\section*{Thm (Nomizu)}
\(X=\Gamma \backslash G\) nilmanifold (compact quotients of connected simply-connected nilpotent Lie groups \(G\) by co-compact discrete subgroups 「).
Then it is \(H_{d R}\)-computable.
More precisely, the finite-dimensional sub-space of forms being invariant for the left-action \(G \curvearrowright X\) is a \(H_{d R}\)-model.

\section*{Cohomological properties of non-Kähler manifolds, \(x x x\)} techniques of computations - nilmanifolds, x

\section*{Thm (Nomizu)}


\title{
Cohomological properties of non-Kähler manifolds, xxxi
} techniques of computations - nilmanifolds, xi
Thm (Nomizu; Console and Fino; —; et al.)
\(X=\Gamma \backslash G\) nilmanifold
K. Nomizu, On the cohomology of compact homogeneous spaces of nilpotent Lie groups, Ann. of Math. (2) 59 (1954), no. 3, 531-538.
S. Console, A. Fino, Dolbeault cohomology of compact nilmanifolds, Transform. Groups 6 (2001), no. 2, 111-124.
- The cohomologies of the Iwasawa manifold and of its small deformations, J. Geom. Anal. 23 (2013), no. 3, 1355-1378.

\title{
Cohomological properties of non-Kähler manifolds, xxxii
} techniques of computations - nilmanifolds, xii
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Thm (Nomizu; Console and Fino; -; et al.)

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\(X=\Gamma \backslash G\) nilmanifold, endowed with a "suitable" left-invariant cplx
structure.
K. Nomizu, On the cohomology of compact homogeneous spaces of nilpotent Lie groups, Ann. of Math. (2) 59 (1954), no. 3, 531-538.
S. Console, A. Fino, Dolbeault cohomology of compact nilmanifolds, Transform. Groups 6 (2001), no. 2, 111-124.

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\section*{Cohomological properties of non－Kähler manifolds，xxxiii} techniques of computations－nilmanifolds，xiii

Thm（Nomizu；Console and Fino；—；et al．）
\(X=\Gamma \backslash G\) nilmanifold，endowed with a＂suitable＂left－invariant \(c p / x\) structure．

Then：
－de Rham cohom
■ Dolbeault cohom（Sakane，Cordero，Fernández，Gray，Ugarte，Console，Fino，Rollenske）
－Bott－Chern cohom
can be computed by considering only left－invariant forms．

K．Nomizu，On the cohomology of compact homogeneous spaces of nilpotent Lie groups，Ann．of Math．（2） 59 （1954），no．3，531－538．
S．Console，A．Fino，Dolbeault cohomology of compact nilmanifolds，Transform．Groups 6 （2001）， no．2，111－124．
－The cohomologies of the Iwasawa manifold and of its small deformations，J．Geom．Anal． 23

\section*{Cohomological properties of non－Kähler manifolds，xxxiv Iwasawa manifold，i}

Iwasawa manifold：
\[
\left.\mathbb{I}_{3}:=(\mathbb{Z}[i])^{3}\right\}\left\{\left(\begin{array}{ccc}
1 & z^{1} & z^{3} \\
0 & 1 & z^{2} \\
0 & 0 & 1
\end{array}\right) \in \operatorname{GL}\left(\mathbb{C}^{3}\right)\right\}
\]

Cohomological properties of non-Kähler manifolds, xxxv Iwasawa manifold, ii

Iwasawa manifold:
\[
\left.\mathbb{I}_{3}:=(\mathbb{Z}[i])^{3}\right\}\left\{\left(\begin{array}{ccc}
1 & z^{1} & z^{3} \\
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\end{array}\right) \in \operatorname{GL}\left(\mathbb{C}^{3}\right)\right\}
\]

■ holomorphically-parallelizable nilmanifold

\title{
Cohomological properties of non-Kähler manifolds, xxxvi
} Iwasawa manifold, iii

Iwasawa manifold:
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\left.\mathbb{I}_{3}:=(\mathbb{Z}[i])^{3}\right\}\left\{\left(\begin{array}{ccc}
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0 & 1 & z^{2} \\
0 & 0 & 1
\end{array}\right) \in \mathrm{GL}\left(\mathbb{C}^{3}\right)\right\}
\]

■ holomorphically-parallelizable nilmanifold
■ left-inv co-frame for \(\left(T^{1,0} \mathbb{I}_{3}\right)^{*}\) :
\[
\left\{\varphi^{1}:=\mathrm{d} z^{1}, \quad \varphi^{2}:=\mathrm{d} z^{2}, \quad \varphi^{3}:=\mathrm{d} z^{3}-z^{1} \mathrm{~d} z^{2}\right\}
\]

\section*{Cohomological properties of non－Kähler manifolds，xxxvii} Iwasawa manifold，iv

Iwasawa manifold：
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\left.\mathbb{I}_{3}:=(\mathbb{Z}[i])^{3}\right\}\left\{\left(\begin{array}{ccc}
1 & z^{1} & z^{3} \\
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\end{array}\right) \in \mathrm{GL}\left(\mathbb{C}^{3}\right)\right\}
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■ holomorphically－parallelizable nilmanifold
－left－inv co－frame for \(\left(T^{1,0} \mathbb{I}_{3}\right)^{*}\) ：
\[
\left\{\varphi^{1}:=\mathrm{d} z^{1}, \quad \varphi^{2}:=\mathrm{d} z^{2}, \quad \varphi^{3}:=\mathrm{d} z^{3}-z^{1} \mathrm{~d} z^{2}\right\}
\]
structure equations：
\[
\left\{\begin{array}{l}
\mathrm{d} \varphi^{1}=0 \\
\mathrm{~d} \varphi^{2}=0 \\
\mathrm{~d} \varphi^{3}=-\varphi^{1} \wedge \varphi^{2}
\end{array}\right.
\]

\title{
Cohomological properties of non－Kähler manifolds，xxxviii Iwasawa manifold，v
}


Left－invariant forms provide a finite－dim cohomological－model for the Iwasawa manifold．

\title{
Cohomological properties of non-Kähler manifolds, xxxix
}

\section*{Chm (Nakamura)}

There exists a locally complete complex-analytic family of complex structures, deformations of \(\mathbb{I}_{3}\), depending on six parameters. They can be divided into three classes according to their Hodge numbers
I. Nakamura, Complex parallelisable manifolds and their small deformations, J. Differ. Geom. 10 (1975), no. 1, 85-112.

\section*{Cohomological properties of non-Kähler manifolds, x|} Iwasawa manifold, vii

\section*{Chm (Nakamura)}

There exists a locally complete complex-analytic family of complex structures, deformations of \(\mathbb{I}_{3}\), depending on six parameters. They can be divided into three classes according to their Hodge numbers

Bott-Chern yields a finer classification of Kuranishi space of \(\mathbb{I}_{3}\)

I. Nakamura, Complex parallelisable manifolds and their small deformations, J. Differ. Geom. 10

\title{
Cohomological properties of non-Kähler manifolds, xli
}

\section*{More in general:}
any left-invariant complex structure on a 6-dim nilmfd admits a finite-dim cohomological-model (except, perhaps, \(\mathfrak{h}_{7}\) )
\(\rightsquigarrow\) cohomol classification of 6 -dim nilmfds with left-inv cplx struct.
—, M. G. Franzini, F. A. Rossi, Degree of non-Kählerianity for 6-dimensional nilmanifolds, arXiv:1210.0406 [math.DG].
A. Latorre, L. Ugarte, R. Villacampa, On the Bott-Chern cohomology and balanced Hermitian nilmanifolds, arXiv:1210.0395 [math.DG].

\section*{Cohomological properties of non-Kähler manifolds, xlii techniques of computations - solvmanifolds, i}

\section*{Problem:}
what about closedness of \(\partial \bar{\partial}-\)
Lemma under limits?
But:
- non-tori nilmanifolds never satisfy \(\partial \bar{\partial}\)-Lemma

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\section*{But:}

■ non-tori nilmanifolds never satisfy \(\partial \bar{\partial}\)-Lemma
\(■\) tori are closed (Andreotti and Grauert and Stol).
K. Hasegawa, Minimal models of nilmanifolds, Proc. Amer. Math. Soc. 106 (1989), no. 1, 65-71.
A. Andreotti, W. Stall, Extension of holomorphic maps, Ann. of Math. (2) 72 (1960), no. 2, 312-349.

\section*{Cohomological properties of non-Kähler manifolds, xiv techniques of computations - solvmanifolds, iii}

\section*{Problem:}
what about closedness of \(\partial \bar{\partial}-\)
Lemma under limits?
But:
■ non-tori nilmanifolds never satisfy \(\partial \bar{\partial}\)-Lemma
\(■\) tori are closed (Andreotti and Grauert and Stol).

\section*{Therefore:}
- consider solvmanifolds (compact quotients of connected simply-connected solvable Lie groups by co-compact discrete subgroups).
K. Hasegawa, Minimal models of nilmanifolds, Proc. Amer. Math. Soc. 106 (1989), no. 1, 65-71.
A. Andreotti, W. Stall, Extension of holomorphic maps, Ann. of Math. (2) 72 (1960), no. 2, 312-349.

\section*{Several tools have been developed for computing cohomologies of solvmanifolds with left－inv cplx structure}

A．Hattori，Spectral sequence in the de Rham cohomology of fibre bundles，J．Fac．Sci．Univ． Tokyo Sect．I 8 （1960），no．1960，289－331．

P．de Bartolomeis，A．Tomassini，On solvable generalized Calabi－Yau manifolds，Ann．Inst．Fourier （Grenoble） 56 （2006），no．5，1281－1296．

H．Kasuya，Minimal models，formality and hard Lefschetz properties of solvmanifolds with local systems，J．Differ．Geom．93，（2013），269－298．

H．Kasuya，Techniques of computations of Dolbeault cohomology of solvmanifolds，Math．Z． 273 （2013），no．1－2，437－447．

\section*{Cohomological properties of non－Kähler manifolds，xlvi techniques of computations－solvmanifolds，v}

Several tools have been developed for computing cohomologies of solvmanifolds with left－inv cplx structure，and of their deformations
（H．Kasuya；—，H．Kasuya）．

A．Hattori，Spectral sequence in the de Rham cohomology of fibre bundles，J．Fac．Sci．Univ． Tokyo Sect．I 8 （1960），no．1960，289－331．

P．de Bartolomeis，A．Tomassini，On solvable generalized Calabi－Yau manifolds，Ann．Inst．Fourier （Grenoble） 56 （2006），no．5，1281－1296．
H．Kasuya，Minimal models，formality and hard Lefschetz properties of solvmanifolds with local systems，J．Differ．Geom．93，（2013），269－298．

H．Kasuya，Techniques of computations of Dolbeault cohomology of solvmanifolds，Math．Z． 273

\title{
Cohomological properties of non－Kähler manifolds，xlvii
} \(\partial \bar{\partial}\)－Lemma and deformations－part II，i

Thanks to these tools：

\section*{Thm（－，H．Kasuya）}

The property of satisfying the \(\partial \bar{\partial}\)－Lemma is non－closed under deformations．
－，H．Kasuya，Cohomologies of deformations of solvmanifolds and closedness of some properties， arXiv：1305．6709［math．Cv］．

\title{
Cohomological properties of non－Kähler manifolds，xlviii \(\partial \bar{\partial}\)－Lemma and deformations－part II，ii
}

The Lie group
\[
\mathbb{C} \ltimes_{\phi} \mathbb{C}^{2} \quad \text { dove } \quad \phi(z)=\left(\begin{array}{cc}
\mathrm{e}^{z} & 0 \\
0 & \mathrm{e}^{-z}
\end{array}\right) .
\]
admits a lattice：the quotient is called Nakamura manifold．

\section*{Cohomological properties of non－Kähler manifolds，xlix} \(\partial \bar{\partial}\)－Lemma and deformations－part II，iii

\section*{The Lie group}
\[
\mathbb{C} \ltimes_{\phi} \mathbb{C}^{2} \quad \text { dove } \quad \phi(z)=\left(\begin{array}{cc}
\mathrm{e}^{z} & 0 \\
0 & \mathrm{e}^{-z}
\end{array}\right) .
\]
admits a lattice：the quotient is called Nakamura manifold．
Consider the small deformations in the direction
\[
t \frac{\partial}{\partial z^{1}} \otimes d \bar{z}^{1}
\]

\title{
Cohomological properties of non－Kähler manifolds，I \(\partial \bar{\partial}\)－Lemma and deformations－part II，iv
}

The Lie group
\[
\mathbb{C} \ltimes_{\phi} \mathbb{C}^{2} \quad \text { dove } \quad \phi(z)=\left(\begin{array}{cc}
\mathrm{e}^{z} & 0 \\
0 & \mathrm{e}^{-z}
\end{array}\right) .
\]
admits a lattice：the quotient is called Nakamura manifold．
Consider the small deformations in the direction
\[
t \frac{\partial}{\partial z^{1}} \otimes d \bar{z}^{1}
\]

\footnotetext{
\(\rightsquigarrow\) the previous theorems furnish finite－dim sub－complexes to compute Dolbeault and Bott－Chern cohomologies．
}
\begin{tabular}{c||c|cc|c|cc}
\hline \(\operatorname{dim}_{\mathbb{C}} H_{\sharp}^{\bullet \bullet \bullet}\) & \multicolumn{3}{|c}{ Nakamura } & \multicolumn{2}{|c}{ deformations } \\
& \(d R\) & \(\bar{\partial}\) & \(B C\) & \(d R\) & \(\bar{\partial}\) & \(B C\) \\
\hline\((\mathbf{0}, \mathbf{0})\) & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1
\end{tabular}\(]\)
－Cplx structure：
\(J: T X \xrightarrow{\leftrightharpoons} T X\) satisfying an algebraic condition \(\left(J^{2}=-\mathrm{id} T X\right)\) and an analytic condition（integrability in order to have holomorphic coordinates）．
- Cplx structure:
\(J: T X \xrightarrow{\leftrightharpoons} T X\) satisfying an algebraic condition \(\left(J^{2}=-\mathrm{id}_{T X}\right)\) and an analytic condition (integrability in order to have holomorphic coordinates).
■ Sympl structure:
\(\omega: T X \stackrel{\simeq}{\rightarrow} T^{*} X\) satisfying an algebraic condition ( \(\omega\) non-deg 2 -form) and an analytic condition ( \(\mathrm{d} \omega=0\) ).

Hence, consider the bundle \(T X \oplus T^{*} X\).
N. J. Hitchin, Generalized Calabi-Yau manifolds, Q. J. Math. 54 (2003), no. 3, 281-308.
M. Gualtieri, Generalized complex geometry, Oxford University DPhil thesis, arXiv:math/0401221
[math.DG].
G. R. Cavalcanti, New aspects of the \(d d^{c}\)-lemma, Oxford University D. Phil thesis, arXiv:math/0501406 [math.DG].

Hence, consider the bundle \(T X \oplus T^{*} X\). Note that it admits a natural bilinear pairing: \(\langle X+\xi \mid Y+\eta\rangle=\frac{1}{2}\left(\iota_{X} \eta+\iota_{Y} \xi\right)\).
N. J. Hitchin, Generalized Calabi-Yau manifolds, Q. J. Math. 54 (2003), no. 3, 281-308.
M. Gualtieri, Generalized complex geometry, Oxford University DPhil thesis, arXiv:math/0401221 [math.DG].
G. R. Cavalcanti, New aspects of the \(d d^{c}\)-lemma, Oxford University D. Phil thesis, arXiv:math/0501406 [math.DG].

\section*{Generalized-complex geometry, v}
generalized-complex structures, v

Hence, consider the bundle \(T X \oplus T^{*} X\). Note that it admits a natural bilinear pairing: \(\langle X+\xi \mid Y+\eta\rangle=\frac{1}{2}\left(\iota_{X} \eta+\iota_{Y} \xi\right)\).

Mimicking the def of cplx and sympl structures:

N. J. Hitchin, Generalized Calabi-Yau manifolds, Q. J. Math. 54 (2003), no. 3, 281-308.
M. Gualtieri, Generalized complex geometry, Oxford University DPhil thesis, arXiv:math/0401221 [math.DG].

Hence，consider the bundle \(T X \oplus T^{*} X\) ．Note that it admits a natural bilinear pairing：\(\langle X+\xi \mid Y+\eta\rangle=\frac{1}{2}\left(\iota_{X} \eta+\iota_{Y} \xi\right)\) ．

Mimicking the def of cplx and sympl structures：
a generalized－complex structure on a \(2 n\)－dim \(\mathrm{mfd} X\) is a
\[
\mathcal{J}: T X \oplus T^{*} X \rightarrow T X \oplus T^{*} X
\]
such that \(\mathcal{J}^{2}=-\mathrm{id}_{T X \oplus T^{*} X}\) ，being orthogonal wrt \(\langle-\mid=\rangle\) ，and satisfying an integrability condition．

N．J．Hitchin，Generalized Calabi－Yau manifolds，Q．J．Math． 54 （2003），no．3，281－308．
M．Gualtieri，Generalized complex geometry，Oxford University DPhil thesis，arXiv：math／0401221 ［math．DG］．

G．R．Cavalcanti，New aspects of the \(d d^{c}\)－lemma，Oxford University D．Phil thesis， arXiv：math／0501406［math．DG］．

\title{
Generalized－complex geometry，vii
} generalized－complex structures，vii

Generalized－cplx geom unifies cplx geom and sympl geom：

Generalized－cplx geom unifies cplx geom and sympl geom：
■ J cplx struct：then
\[
\mathcal{J}=\left(\begin{array}{c|c}
-J & 0 \\
\hline 0 & J^{*}
\end{array}\right)
\]
is generalized－complex；

\title{
Generalized－complex geometry，ix
}
generalized－complex structures，ix

Generalized－cplx geom unifies cplx geom and sympl geom：
■ J cplx struct：then
\[
\mathcal{J}=\left(\begin{array}{c|c}
-J & 0 \\
\hline 0 & J^{*}
\end{array}\right)
\]
is generalized－complex；
■ \(\omega\) sympl struct：then
\[
\mathcal{J}=\left(\begin{array}{c|c}
0 & -\omega^{-1} \\
\hline \omega & 0
\end{array}\right)
\]
is generalized－complex．

This explains the parallel between the cplx and sympl contexts:
L.-S. Tseng, S.-T. Yau, Cohomology and Hodge Theory on Symplectic Manifolds: I. II, J. Differ. Geom. 91 (2012), no. 3, 383-416, 417-443.

L.-S. Tseng, S.-T. Yau, Generalized Cohomologies and Supersymmetry, Comm. Math. Phys. 326 (2014), no. 3, 875-885.

\section*{Generalized-complex geometry, xi}
cohomological properties of symplectic manifolds, ii

This explains the parallel between the cplx and sympl contexts: e.g., for a symplectic manifold, consider the operators
\[
\mathrm{d}: \wedge^{\bullet} X \rightarrow \wedge^{\bullet+1} X \quad \text { and } \quad \mathrm{d}^{\wedge}:=\left[\mathrm{d},-\iota_{\omega^{-1}}\right]: \wedge^{\bullet} X \rightarrow \wedge^{\bullet-1} X
\]
as the counterpart of \(\partial\) and \(\bar{\partial}\) in complex geometry.
L.-S. Tseng, S.-T. Yau, Cohomology and Hodge Theory on Symplectic Manifolds: I. II, J. Differ. Geom. 91 (2012), no. 3, 383-416, 417-443.

L.-S. Tseng, S.-T. Yau, Generalized Cohomologies and Supersymmetry, Comm. Math. Phys. 326 (2014), no. 3, 875-885.

\section*{Generalized-complex geometry, xii}
cohomological properties of symplectic manifolds, iii

This explains the parallel between the cplx and sympl contexts: e.g., for a symplectic manifold, consider the operators
\[
\mathrm{d}: \wedge^{\bullet} X \rightarrow \wedge^{\bullet+1} X \quad \text { and } \quad \mathrm{d}^{\wedge}:=\left[\mathrm{d},-\iota_{\omega^{-1}}\right]: \wedge^{\bullet} X \rightarrow \wedge^{\bullet-1} X
\]
as the counterpart of \(\partial\) and \(\bar{\partial}\) in complex geometry. Define the cohomologies
\[
H_{B C, \omega}^{\bullet}(X):=\frac{\operatorname{kerd} \cap \operatorname{kerd}^{\wedge}}{i m d^{\wedge}} \quad \text { and } \quad H_{A, \omega}^{\bullet}(X):=\frac{\operatorname{kerdd^{\wedge }}}{i m d+\mathrm{imd}^{\wedge}} .
\]

\footnotetext{
L.-S. Tseng, S.-T. Yau, Cohomology and Hodge Theory on Symplectic Manifolds: I. II, J. Differ. Geom. 91 (2012), no. 3, 383-416, 417-443.
}
L.-S. Tseng, S.-T. Yau, Generalized Cohomologies and Supersymmetry, Comm. Math. Phys. 326 (2014), no. 3, 875-885.

\section*{Generalized-complex geometry, xiv}
cohomological properties of symplectic manifolds, v
Thm (Merkulov; Guillemin; Cavalcanti; -, A. Tomassini)
Let \(X\) be a \(2 n\)-dim cpt symplectic \(m f d\).
S. A. Merkulov, Formality of canonical symplectic complexes and Frobenius manifolds, Int. Math. Res. Not. 1998 (1998), no. 14, 727-733.
V. Guillemin, Symplectic Hodge theory and the d \(\delta\)-Lemma, preprint, Massachusetts Insitute of Technology, 2001.
D. Angella, A. Tomassini, Inequalities à la Frölicher and cohomological decompositions, to appear in J. Noncommut. Geom..

\section*{Generalized-complex geometry, xv}
cohomological properties of symplectic manifolds, vi

\section*{Thm (Merkulov; Guillemin; Cavalcanti; —, A. Tomassini)}

Let \(X\) be a \(2 n\)-dim cpt symplectic \(m f d\). Then, for any \(k\),
\[
\operatorname{dim}_{\mathbb{R}} H_{B C, \omega}^{k}(X)+\operatorname{dim}_{\mathbb{R}} H_{A, \omega}^{k} \geq 2 \operatorname{dim}_{\mathbb{R}} H_{d R}^{k}(X ; \mathbb{R})
\]
S. A. Merkulov, Formality of canonical symplectic complexes and Frobenius manifolds, Int. Math. Res. Not. 1998 (1998), no. 14, 727-733.
V. Guillemin, Symplectic Hodge theory and the d \(\delta\)-Lemma, preprint, Massachusetts Insitute of Technology, 2001.
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K. Chan, Y.-H. Suen, A Frölicher-type inequality for generalized complex manifolds, arXiv:1403.1682 [math.DG].

\section*{Generalized-complex geometry, xvi}
cohomological properties of symplectic manifolds, vii

\section*{Thm (Merkulov; Guillemin; Cavalcanti; —, A. Tomassini)}

Let \(X\) be a \(2 n\)-dim cpt symplectic mfd. Then, for any \(k\),
\[
\operatorname{dim}_{\mathbb{R}} H_{B C, \omega}^{k}(X)+\operatorname{dim}_{\mathbb{R}} H_{A, \omega}^{k} \geq 2 \operatorname{dim}_{\mathbb{R}} H_{d R}^{k}(X ; \mathbb{R})
\]

\section*{Furthermore, the following are equivalent:}
- X satisfies \(d^{\wedge}{ }^{\wedge}\)-Lemma (i.e., Bott-Chern and de Rham cohom are natur isom);

■ \(X\) satisfies Hard Lefschetz Cond (i.e., \(\left[\omega^{k}\right]: H_{d R}^{n-k}(X) \rightarrow H_{d R}^{n+k}(X)\) isom \(\forall k\) );
- equality \(\operatorname{dim} H_{B C, \omega}^{k}(X)+\operatorname{dim} H_{A, \omega}^{k}=2 \operatorname{dim} H_{d R}^{k}(X ; \mathbb{R})\) holds for any \(k\).
S. A. Merkulov, Formality of canonical symplectic complexes and Frobenius manifolds, Int. Math. Res. Not. 1998 (1998), no. 14, 727-733.
V. Guillemin, Symplectic Hodge theory and the d \(\delta\)-Lemma, preprint, Massachusetts Insitute of Technology, 2001.
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K. Chan, Y.-H. Suen, A Frölicher-type inequality for generalized complex manifolds,


Joint work with: Adriano Tomassini, Hisashi Kasuya, Federico A. Rossi, Maria Giovanna Franzini, Simone Calamai, Weiyi Zhang, Georges Dloussky.

And with the fundamental contribution of: Serena, Maria Beatrice and Luca, Alessandra, Maria Rosaria, Francesco, Andrea, Matteo, Jasmin, Carlo, Junyan, Michele, Chiara, Simone, Eridano Laura, Paolo, Marco, Cristiano, Amedeo, Daniele, Matteo```

